

Radnor Township School District Wayne, Pennsylvania Delaware County

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021



1835 Market Street, 3rd Floor Philadelphia, PA 19103

215/567-7770 | bbdcpa.com

^	<u></u>	N	TE	N	TS
u	u	IV	ıc	IV	ıs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position (Deficit) – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	24
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	25
Notes to Financial Statements	26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	52
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PSERS	53
Schedule of the District's Pension Plan Contributions - PSERS	54
Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability – Single Employer Plan	55
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - PSERS	56
Schedule of the District's OPEB Plan Contributions - PSERS	57
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Activities by Fund	58

CONTENTS

SINGLE AUDIT	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants	59
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants	62
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	63
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	64
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	66
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	68



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors Radnor Township School District Wayne, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Radnor Township School District, Wayne, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Radnor Township School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Radnor Township School District, Wayne, Pennsylvania as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, Radnor Township School District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Radnor Township School District's 2020 financial statements, and our report dated December 10, 2020 expressed unmodified audit opinions on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability-PSERS and pension plan contributions – PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single employer plan and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability-PSERS and OPEB plan contributions – PSERS on pages 3 through 14 and 52 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Radnor Township School District's basic financial statements. The reconciliation of statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of governmental funds to change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities on the statement of activities by fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The reconciliation of statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance of governmental funds to change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities on the statement of activities by fund and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the reconciliation of statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance of governmental funds to change in net position of governmental activities on the statement of activities by fund and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Radnor Township School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Radnor Township School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BBD, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial performance of the Radnor Township School District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial performance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The MD&A of the District was prepared in connection with the audit of the District's June 30, 2021 financial statements. A financial audit is the verification of the financial statements of a legal entity, with a view to express an audit opinion. The audit opinion is intended to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects. The purpose of an audit is to enhance the degree of confidence of intended users of the financial statements. An audit is not designed to provide assurance of 100% accuracy; rather it is designed to increase the possibility that a material misstatement is detected by audit procedures. A misstatement is defined as false or missing information, whether caused by fraud (including deliberate misstatement) or error.

DISTRICT PROFILE

The District consists of five schools – three elementary schools, a middle school and a high school consisting of approximately 3,590 students. The District is located in the northern section of Delaware County approximately 15 miles northwest of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The District's 13.8 square mile area is coterminous with that of Radnor Township and is bordered by Lower Merion, Upper Merion, Tredyffrin, Newtown and Haverford Townships. There are a number of well-known unincorporated communities located within the District including Rosemont, St. Davids, Villanova and Wayne. The District employs 662 full-time and 41 part-time employees.

The District has become synonymous with excellence in education. The area receives both tangible and intangible benefits from the nearby presence of literally dozens of public and private educational institutions. The District has been given numerous awards for education excellence and has been recognized by several other local, state and national groups and publications for its outstanding educational quality.

The mission of the Radnor Township School District is to inspire in all students the love of learning and creating, and to empower them to discover and pursue their individual passions with knowledge, confidence and caring to shape the future.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was identified and has since spread worldwide including the United States. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. As a result, the District experienced disruptions and operated under virtual, hybrid and in-person learning models during 2020-2021 as conditions permitted.
- On a government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and the business-type activities, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded assets and deferred outflows resulting in a deficit in total net position at the close of the 2020-2021 fiscal year of \$95,540,614. During the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the District had an increase in total net position of \$7,036,883. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$7,351,313 and the net position of business-type activities decreased by \$314,430.
- The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$3,965,329, bringing the cumulative balance to \$28,651,683 at the conclusion of the 2020-2021 fiscal year.
- At June 30, 2021, the General Fund fund balance includes \$20,203,324 committed by the School Board for the following purposes:
 - \$9,296,821 committed for future capital projects in accordance with the District's long-term capital improvement program.
 - \$6,475,479 committed to fund District-wide technology and curriculum initiatives. This commitment represents a \$2,988,843 increase from the 2019-2020 committed fund balance in these categories due to budgeted spending patterns and COVID related inflows and outflows that occurred during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

- \$3,576,076 committed for anticipated increases in the District's required share of retirement contributions. This commitment represents a \$574 increase from the 2019-2020 committed fund balance in this category related to the maturity of investments increasing the fund balance during 2020-2021.
- \$854,948 committed for the payment of the long-term portion of early retirement incentive plan benefits and compensated absences. This commitment represents a \$21,013 increase over the 2019-2020 committed fund balance in this category as the liability related to these commitments fluctuates from year to year based on the change of the eligibility status of District employees for these benefits.
- At June 30, 2021, the General Fund fund balance includes unassigned amounts of \$8,448,359 or 8.00% of the \$105,604,488 2021-2022 General Fund expenditure budget. This is in compliance with guidelines prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education which allows a district to maintain an unassigned maximum General Fund fund balance of 8% of the following year's expenditures budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial condition of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, the reader will need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, support services, maintenance, transportation and administration.

Business-Type Activities

The District charges fees to cover the costs of its food services program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 15 and 16 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are included in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental near-term financing decisions. Both the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the *Balance Sheet* – *Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* – *Governmental Funds* for each of the three major funds and the one non-major fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Food Service Fund is reported as an enterprise fund of the proprietary fund type. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service fund to account for its participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and education agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage. Because an internal service fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate financial information for the Food Service and Internal Service Funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 21 through 23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, consisting of scholarship and student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 24 and 25 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Pages 26 through 51 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which consists of the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension plan contributions-PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and OPEB plan contributions-PSERS, as well as additional analysis consisting of a reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities of the statement of activities by fund.

The required supplementary information and additional analysis can be found on Pages 52 through 58 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the close of the 2020-2021 fiscal year the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$95,540,614. The following table presents condensed information for the *Statement of Net Position (Deficit)* of the District at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

		nmental vities		ess-Type vities	Tot	tals
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
ASSETS						
Current assets	\$ 85,754,822	\$ 51,094,489	\$ 766,959	\$1,114,160	\$ 86,521,781	\$ 52,208,649
Noncurrent assets	<u>88,590,341</u>	87,754,044	221,737	<u>247,806</u>	88,812,078	<u>88,001,850</u>
Total assets	174,345,163	138,848,533	988,696	1,361,966	175,333,859	140,210,499
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES	<u>25,517,505</u>	20,309,781	241,848	<u>185,371</u>	25,759,353	20,495,152
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	16,356,545	13,838,338	286,874	338,435	16,643,419	14,176,773
Noncurrent liabilities	272,433,334	238,867,339	1,645,245	<u>1,565,512</u>	274,078,579	240,432,851
Total liabilities	288,789,879	252,705,677	1,932,119	1,903,947	290,721,998	254,609,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,858,081	8,589,242	53,747	84,282	5,911,828	8,673,524
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital						
assets	2,524,112	2,534,500	221,737	247,806	2,745,849	2,782,306
Restricted	10,605,879	7,678,365	- (077 075)	- (000 055)	10,605,879	7,678,365
Unrestricted (deficit)	(107,915,283)	(112,349,470)	(977,059)	(688,698)	(108,892,342)	(113,038,168)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (94,785,292)</u>	<u>\$(102,136,605</u>)	<u>\$ (755,322)</u>	<u>\$ (440,892)</u>	<u>\$ (95,540,614</u>)	<u>\$(102,577,497</u>)

The District's total assets as of June 30, 2021 were \$175,333,859 of which \$70,109,846 or 39.99% consisted of unrestricted cash and investments and \$85,948,621 or 49.02% consisted of the District's investment in capital assets. The District's total liabilities as of June 30, 2021 were \$290,721,998 of which \$109,506,877 or 37.67% consisted of general obligation debt used to acquire and construct capital assets and \$153,379,535 or 52.76% consisted of the actuarially determined net pension liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

The District had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$108,892,342 at June 30, 2021. The District's unrestricted net position increased by \$4,145,826 during 2020-2021 primarily due to the current year results of operations.

Another portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$36,457 because the capital assets were being depreciated faster than the debt used to acquire the capital assets was being repaid.

The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Activities of the District for 2021 and 2020:

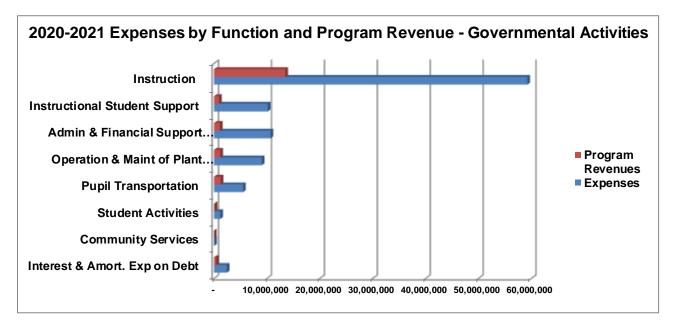
		nmental vities	Busines Activ		To	otals
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
REVENUES						
Program revenues	Ф 0.400.40E	Ф 0.554.000	Ф 07.404	C4 004 400	Ф 0.440.500	Ф 0.505.405
Charges for services	\$ 2,406,465	\$ 2,551,006	\$ 37,104	\$1,034,489	\$ 2,443,569	\$ 3,585,495
Operating grants and contributions	16,169,016	13,427,741	870,070	420,204	17,039,086	13,847,945
Capital grants and	10,109,010	13,421,141	670,070	420,204	17,039,000	13,047,943
contributions	_	_	_	_	-	_
General revenues						
Property taxes levied for						
general purposes	80,277,901	79,042,793	_	_	80,277,901	79,042,793
Other taxes levied for	00,2,00.	. 0,0 .=,. 00			00,2,00.	. 0,0 .=,. 00
general purposes	2,939,437	1,845,888	-	-	2,939,437	1,845,888
Grants and entitlements						
not restricted to						
specific programs	3,728,179	3,728,009	-	-	3,728,179	3,728,009
Investment	(0= 400)	4 4 40 470	000	47.040	(0.4.777)	4 407 004
earnings (losses)	(95,163)	1,149,173	386	17,848	(94,777)	1,167,021
Insurance recoveries Gain (loss) on sale of	384,497	9,221	-	-	384,497	9,221
capital assets	(111,946)	809	480	_	(111,466)	809
·					·	
Total revenues	105,698,386	<u>101,754,640</u>	908,040	<u>1,472,541</u>	106,606,426	103,227,181
EXPENSES						
Instruction	59,245,792	58,847,925	-	-	59,245,792	58,847,925
Instructional student support						
services	10,178,570	10,375,299	-	-	10,178,570	10,375,299
Administrative and financial	40.704.000	0.470.000			40.704.000	0.470.000
support services	10,704,808	9,173,336	-	-	10,704,808	9,173,336
Operation and maintenance of plant services	9,047,952	9,445,362			9,047,952	9,445,362
Pupil transportation	5,495,352	5,178,204	-	-	5,495,352	5,178,204
Student activities	1,199,466	1,408,311	_	-	1,199,466	1,408,311
Community services	39,900	49,903	_	_	39,900	49,903
Interest and amortization	,	,			,	,
expense related to						
noncurrent liabilities	2,435,233	3,075,689	-	-	2,435,233	3,075,689
Food service			1,222,470	<u>1,689,936</u>	1,222,470	1,689,936
Total expenses	98,347,073	97,554,029	1,222,470	1,689,936	99,569,543	99,243,965
CHANGE IN NET						
POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ 7,351,313</u>	\$ 4,200,611	<u>\$ (314,430</u>)	<u>\$ (217,395</u>)	<u>\$ 7,036,883</u>	<u>\$ 3,983,216</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

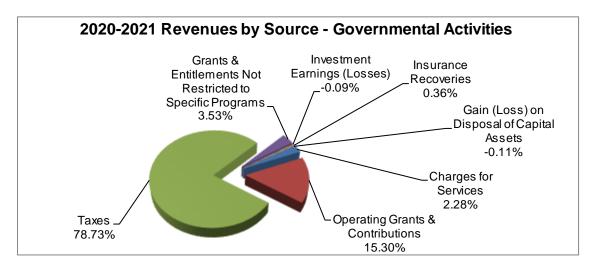
June 30, 2021

Overall, the District's financial position has been improving but challenges such as pension contributions, statemandated programs and negotiated contracts have a potential to offset these gains in future fiscal years. Management of the District continues to aggressively implement cost efficiencies and revenue-generating strategies to combat these factors. In the governmental activities, the District's assessed property tax base drives the majority of the revenue generated. A majority of the District's property tax base is in the form of residential housing whose growth has slowed in recent years. Although the District is primarily a residential community, the District also has a property tax base derived from commercial facilities.

The Statement of Activities provides detail that focuses on how the District finances its services. The Statement of Activities compares the costs of the District functions and programs with the resources those functions and programs generate themselves in the form of program revenues. As demonstrated by the following graph, all of the District's governmental activities are not self-supporting, raising enough program revenue to cover their costs, as most traditional governmental services are not.



To the degree that the District's functions or programs cost more than they raise, the *Statement of Activities* shows how the District chose to finance the difference through general revenues. The following chart shows that the District relies on tax revenues to finance its governmental activities.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The governmental fund financial statements provide detailed information on the District's major funds. Some funds are required to be established by State statute while other funds are established by the District to manage monies restricted for a specific purpose. As of June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$63,634,248 which is an increase of \$31,263,677 from the prior year. The following table summarizes the District's total governmental fund balances as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 and the total 2021 change in governmental fund balances.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>
General Fund	\$28,651,683	\$24,686,354	\$ 3,965,329
Capital Projects Fund	32,109,115	4,886,395	27,222,720
Debt Sinking Fund	2,863,457	2,791,970	71,487
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	9,993	5,852	4,141
	<u>\$63,634,248</u>	<u>\$32,370,571</u>	<u>\$31,263,677</u>

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. At the conclusion of the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the General Fund fund balance was \$28,651,683 representing an increase of \$3,965,329 in relation to the prior year. The increase in the District's General Fund fund balance is due to many factors. The following analysis has been provided to assist the reader in understanding the financial activities of the General Fund during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change
Nonspendable			
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ 17,730	\$ (17,730)
Committed to			
Capital projects	9,296,821	8,553,627	743,194
Curriculum tech initiatives	6,475,479	3,486,636	2,988,843
Employer retirement rate stabilization	3,576,076	3,575,502	574
Early retirement incentive and compensated absences	854,948	833,935	21,013
Unassigned	8,448,359	8,218,924	229,435
	\$28,651,683	\$24,686,354	\$3,965,329

The School Board has committed \$9,296,821 of General Fund fund balance for capital projects as of June 30, 2021 in accordance with its long-term capital improvement plan and facility needs to be determined. Amounts committed for employer retirement stabilization will be used in future years to offset the significant increases anticipated in the District's required share of retirement contributions.

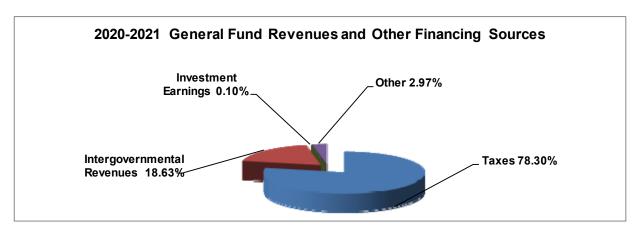
At June 30, 2021, the General Fund fund balance had an unassigned balance of \$8,448,359 or 8.00% of the \$105,604,488 2021-2022 General Fund expenditure budget. The School Board, per District fund balance policy #620, has set a General Fund maximum unassigned fund balance of not less than 5% and not more than 8% of the following year's expenditure budget in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.

At June 30, 2021, the total General Fund fund balance was \$28,651,683 or 27.13% of the \$105,604,488 2021-2022 General Fund expenditure budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the graph below that indicates 78.30% of General Fund revenues are derived from local taxes.



General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Tax revenues	\$ 83,594,992	\$ 80,278,246	\$3,316,746	4.13
Intergovernmental revenues	19,890,571	17,121,802	2,768,769	16.17
Investment earnings	101,594	605,974	(504,380)	(83.23)
Other	3,171,244	2,613,231	558,013	21.35
	<u>\$106,758,401</u>	<u>\$100,619,253</u>	<u>\$6,139,148</u>	<u>6.10</u>

Net tax revenues increased by \$3,316,746 or 4.13% primarily due to an increase in real estate taxes received in 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020 primarily as a result of a millage increase of 2.6% and a strong collection percentage. Real estate transfer taxes received were also higher than budgeted due to the increase in real estate transactions. The following table summarizes changes in the District's tax revenues for 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change	<u>% Change</u>
Real estate tax	\$79,022,734	\$76,739,768	\$2,282,966	2.97
Interim tax	130,932	355,269	(224,337)	(63.15)
PURTA tax	77,088	69,484	7,604	10.94
Payment in lieu of tax	328,587	280,090	48,497	17.31
Local services tax	122,395	82,014	40,381	49.24
Transfer tax	2,739,954	1,694,390	1,045,564	61.71
Delinquent real estate tax	1,173,302	1,057,231	<u>116,071</u>	10.98
	<u>\$83,594,992</u>	<u>\$80,278,246</u>	<u>\$3,316,746</u>	4.13

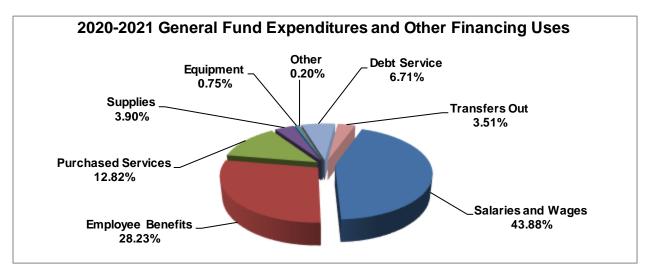
Intergovernmental revenues increased primarily due to COVID-19 related grants.

Investment earnings decreased commensurate with interest rates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

As the graph below illustrates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and benefits. The District is an educational service entity and as such is labor intensive.



General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 45,110,618	\$43,966,965	\$1,143,653	2.60
Employee benefits	29,016,895	28,430,448	586,447	2.06
Purchased services	13,179,251	13,346,743	(167,492)	(1.25)
Supplies	4,003,631	3,093,300	910,331	29.43
Equipment	768,290	1,135,242	(366,952)	(32.32)
Other	206,278	443,509	(237,231)	(53.49)
Debt service	6,897,554	6,412,313	485,241	7.57
Transfers out	<u>3,610,555</u>	<u>785,916</u>	2,824,639	359.41
	\$102,793,072	\$97,614,436	\$5,178,636	<u>5.31</u>

Salaries and wages increased by \$1,143,653 or 2.60% in 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020 as a result of contractual obligations.

Employee benefit expenditures increased due to an increase in the PSERS employer contribution rate from 34.29% in 2019-2020 to 34.51% for the 2020-2021 school year. The increase is also due to an increase in social security expenditures, as the rate is based on the contractual increased wages.

Expenditures for purchased services decreased in 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020 primarily due to decreases in expenditures for special education and other educational services.

Expenditures for debt service increased by \$485,241 in 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020 due to an increase in debt service maturities for existing long-term debt.

Transfers out increased by \$2,824,639 primarily due to a \$3,000,000 transfer to the Capital Reserve Fund. The School Board and administration review the 5-year projected capital budget during the annual budget process. They evaluate and rate the projects based on need and funds on hand to come up with the amount needed to move those projects forward for the budgeted fiscal year. Those needed funds are transferred from the General Fund as approved.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation activity associated with the District's buildings and major equipment purchases. The Capital Projects Fund receives the majority of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During 2020-2021, the fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund increased by \$27,222,720 primarily due to the issuance of general obligation bonds, Series of 2021 in the amount of \$25,530,000. The remaining fund balance of \$32,109,115 as of June 30, 2021 is restricted for future capital expenditures.

DEBT SINKING FUND

Pursuant to loan agreements with the State Public School Building Authority under its Qualified School Construction Bonds program, the District established a Debt Sinking Fund. The District is required to make deposits annually into the Debt Sinking Fund. The deposits and investment earnings on the deposits are available for payment of maturities under the loan agreement. As of June 30, 2021, the fund balance in the Debt Sinking Fund was \$2.863.457 and is restricted for future debt service expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District maintains its financial records and prepares its financial reports on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District budgets and expends funds according to procedures mandated by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. An annual operating budget is prepared by management and submitted to the School Board for approval prior to the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1 each year. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$5,359,747 or 5.29% more than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$102,042 or 0.10% less than budgeted amounts resulting in a net positive variance of \$5,461,789.

Budgeted amounts in the General Fund used \$1,496,460 of fund balance as of June 30, 2020 to balance the 2020-2021 General Fund budget which was not used primarily as a result of lower than anticipated expenditures during the year.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES AND FOOD SERVICE FUND

During 2020-2021, the net position of the business-type activities and Food Service Fund decreased by \$314,430 as a result of operations and changes in the allocation of the PSERS net pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows. As of June 30, 2021, the business-type activities and Food Service Fund had a deficit in net position of \$755,322. The deficit in net position correlates to the busines-type activities and Food Service Fund recording its proportion share of the net pension and OPEB liability in PSERS.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's net investment in capital asset for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$85,948,621 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$738,741 or 0.87%. The increase was the result of current year capital additions in excess of depreciation expense and disposals.

Current year capital additions were \$5,693,837 and depreciation expense and disposals were \$4,955,096.

Major capital additions for the current fiscal year included the following:

Construction in progress – Radnor High School project

\$4,839,647

District-wide IT equipment

\$ 640,496

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt of \$109,506,877 consisting of \$85,790,000 in bonds payable, \$11,651,000 note payable and \$5,065,000 in Qualified School Construction Bonds net of deferred credits of \$7,000,877. The entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior obligation debt. The District's general obligation debt increased by \$24,950,979 or 29.51% during the current fiscal year.

On March 18, 2020, the District issued \$25,530,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2021, the proceeds from which were used toward capital projects of the District, including but not limited to, an accessibility and wellness project at the high school campus and to pay for the costs of issuance.

The District maintains an Aa1 rating from Moody's for its general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue up to 225% of its borrowing base capacity which is calculated as the annual arithmetic average of the total revenues for the preceding three fiscal years. The current debt limitation for the District is \$229,637,569 which exceeds the District's outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2021.

The District reports its allocated portion of its defined benefit unfunded benefit obligation related to its participation in PSERS. The District's allocated portion of the net pension liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the pension plan obligation which totaled \$153,379,535 as of June 30, 2021. The District's net pension liability increased by \$8,400,233 or 5.79% during the fiscal year.

The District reports a liability for its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related to its single employer OPEB plan and its participation in the PSERS health insurance premium assistance program. The District's OPEB liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the OPEB obligation which totaled \$10,214,329 as of June 30, 2021. The District's OPEB liability increased by \$249,302 or 2.50% during the fiscal year.

Other noncurrent liabilities consist of the District's liabilities for compensated absences and early retirement incentive plans, which totaled \$977,838 as of June 30, 2021. These liabilities increased by \$45,214 or 4.85% during the fiscal year.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District's current student enrollment for 2021-2022 is approximately 3,590.
- Additional tax and enrollment information is available on the District's website: (http://www.rtsd.org).
- The District adopted a 2021-2022 budget totaling \$105,604,488 and the millage rate was set at 13.9224 mills, an increase of 1.9% from the realigned rate of 13.6629 mills in 2020-2021. The realigned rate is due to the Delaware County countywide reassessment of all properties in 2020-2021. The 2021-2022 budget utilizes \$1,036,316 of fund balance, helping to reduce the tax burden on District residents. The continuing impact of COVID-19 on expenditures remains uncertain. The District has developed a plan for the utilization of ESSER III funds that must be spent by September 2024 that will address student needs for learning loss, after school and summer school programs, and supports for emotional/mental health.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

- In 2006, Act 1 was passed which repealed Act 72, which provides taxpayer relief through gambling revenues generated at the State level. The intent of this legislation is to provide a mechanism to relieve the burden of funding public education from property owners. This new legislation has put a "ceiling" on the percentage increase of local real estate taxes that can be levied year-to-year in order to balance the school district budget. Pennsylvania school districts are now required to either change their taxing strategies to make up for the shortfall of increases in real estate tax refunds or seek the taxpayers' approval through back-end referendum to increase taxes higher than the approved index. This law puts an already increased burden on the District's revenue stream in future years. This legislation introduced certain new requirements on school districts which include the following:
 - That in the event a school district wishes to increase the property tax millage rate by more than an index annually prescribed by the state (2.60% for Radnor Township School District for 2021-2022), the school district must seek voter approval (known commonly as a "back-end referendum") prior to implementing the millage rate increase. In the event voters do not approve the millage rate increase, the school district must limit its millage rate increase to the index.
 - Certain exceptions are provided under Act 1 that, if approved by the appropriate authority, may permit
 increases above the Act 1 index without the need for a back-end referendum. Typically, these exceptions
 relate to emergencies and cost increases in excess of the Act 1 index (e.g., retirement system contributions)
 over which the school district has no control.
 - Gaming revenues distributed under the provisions of Act 1 are to be used for the purpose of reducing property taxes for homesteaders and farmsteaders. (Act 1 permitted gambling in Pennsylvania.)
- In November 2010, and again in 2017, legislation was signed into law to implement a series of actuarial and funding changes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS"). The 2017 law took effect July of 2019. The law will change the pension plans for all new hires effective July 1, 2019. The new legislation does not impact the pension benefits of current or retired PSERS members. Based on available projections, school districts will not see relief from the new legislation until 10-20 years in the future. Currently, the employer contribution rate for 2021-2022 is 34.94% which is an increase of 1.25% from the 2020-2021 employer contribution rate of 34.51%.

The following table presents the projected employer contribution rates published by PSERS and the District's projected share of retirement contribution for the next three years:

Fiscal Year Ending	Projected Employer Contribution Rate %	District's Projected Employer Retirement Contribution \$	Share of Employer Retirement Contribution \$	Increase/ (Decrease) Over <u>Prior Year \$</u>
2022 – 2023	35.62%	\$16,427,681	\$8,213,841	\$337,988
2023 – 2024	36.12%	\$17,037,852	\$8,518,926	\$305,086
2024 – 2025	36.30%	\$17,429,722	\$8,714,861	\$195,935

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Business Administrator, Radnor Township School District, 135 South Wayne Avenue, Wayne, Pennsylvania 19087-4194.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Activities	Activities	2021	als	
			<u> 202 I</u>	<u>2020</u>	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 57,731,785	\$ 622,199	\$ 58,353,984		
Investments	11,755,862	-	11,755,862	965,000	
Taxes receivable	1,237,372	404.040	1,237,372	1,509,967	
Due from other governments Internal balances	5,804,565	101,948	5,906,513	4,908,662	
Other receivables	(3,320) 872,826	3,320 18,940	- 891,766	- 1,244,141	
Prepaid expenses	8,355,732	10,340	8,355,732	7,150,888	
Inventories	-	20,552	20,552	30,739	
Total current assets	85,754,822	766,959	86,521,781	52,208,649	
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Restricted assets					
Cash held by fiscal agent	819	-	819	1,708	
Investments held by fiscal agent	2,862,638	-	2,862,638	2,790,262	
Capital assets, net	85,726,884	221,737	85,948,621	85,209,880	
Total noncurrent assets	88,590,341	221,737	88,812,078	88,001,850	
Total assets	174,345,163	988,696	175,333,859	140,210,499	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts on debt refunding	1,937,412	-	1,937,412	2,128,324	
Deferred charges - OPEB	1,098,429	5,269	1,103,698	964,649	
Deferred charges - pension	22,481,664	236,579	22,718,243	17,402,179	
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,517,505	241,848	25,759,353	20,495,152	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	4,375,542	122,000	4,497,542	2,239,491	
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits	10,778,103	-	10,778,103	10,416,196	
Accrued interest payable	655,577	-	655,577	731,844	
Unearned revenue	-	164,874	164,874	168,903	
Other liabilities	547,323		547,323	620,339	
Total current liabilities	16,356,545	286,874	16,643,419	14,176,773	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Due within one year	4,832,930	-	4,832,930	4,460,832	
Due in more than one year	267,600,404	1,645,245	269,245,649	235,972,019	
Total noncurrent liabilities	272,433,334	1,645,245	274,078,579	240,432,851	
Total liabilities	288,789,879	1,932,119	290,721,998	254,609,624	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred credits - OPEB	939,837	1,991	941,828	889,603	
Deferred credits - pension	4,918,244	51,756	4,970,000	7,783,921	
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,858,081	53,747	5,911,828	8,673,524	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Net investment in capital assets	2,524,112	221,737	2,745,849	2,782,306	
Restricted	10,605,879	-	10,605,879	7,678,365	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(107,915,283)	(977,059)	(108,892,342)	(113,038,168)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (94,785,292)	\$ (755,322)	\$ (95,540,614)	\$ (102,577,497)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position (Deficit)			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		als 2020
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$59,245,792	\$2,268,924	\$11,222,730	\$ -	\$ (45,754,138)	\$ -	\$ (45,754,138)	\$ (47,577,645)
Instructional student support	10,178,570	-	960,988	· <u>-</u>	(9,217,582)	-	(9,217,582)	(9,420,635)
Administrative and financial support services	10,704,808	85,834	1,038,609	-	(9,580,365)	-	(9,580,365)	(8,246,650)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	9,047,952	36,696	1,161,288	-	(7,849,968)	-	(7,849,968)	(8,467,713)
Pupil transportation	5,495,352	1,000	1,262,844	-	(4,231,508)	-	(4,231,508)	(3,875,889)
Student activities	1,199,466	14,011	113,262	-	(1,072,193)	-	(1,072,193)	(1,245,172)
Community services	39,900	-	-	-	(39,900)	-	(39,900)	(26,752)
Interest and amortization expense related to								
noncurrent liabilities	2,435,233		409,295		(2,025,938)		(2,025,938)	(2,714,826)
Total governmental activities	98,347,073	2,406,465	16,169,016		(79,771,592)		(79,771,592)	(81,575,282)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	1,222,470	37,104	870,070	<u> </u>		(315,296)	(315,296)	(235,243)
Total primary government	\$99,569,543	\$2,443,569	\$17,039,086	\$ -	(79,771,592)	(315,296)	(80,086,888)	(81,810,525)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes levied for general purposes					80,277,901	-	80,277,901	79,042,793
Other taxes					2,939,437	-	2,939,437	1,845,888
Grants and entitlements not restricted to								
specific programs					3,728,179	-	3,728,179	3,728,009
Investment earnings (losses)					(95,163)	386	(94,777)	1,167,021
Insurance recoveries					384,497	-	384,497	9,221
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets					(111,946)	480	(111,466)	809
Total general revenues					87,122,905	866	87,123,771	85,793,741
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					7,351,313	(314,430)	7,036,883	3,983,216
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					(102 136 605)	(440.802)	(102 577 407)	(106 560 712)
Beginning of year					(102,136,605)	(440,892)	(102,577,497)	(106,560,713)
End of year					\$ (94,785,292)	<u>\$ (755,322)</u>	\$ (95,540,614)	\$ (102,577,497)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Funds					
		Capital	Debt	Non-Major		
	General	Projects	Sinking	Governmental		tals
400570	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 26,586,901	\$ 31,135,611	\$ -	\$ 9,273	\$ 57,731,785	\$ 35,455,658
Investments	11,456,060	299,802	-	· ,	11,755,862	965,000
Restricted assets:						
Cash held by fiscal agent	-	-	819	-	819	1,708
Investments held by fiscal agent	-	-	2,862,638	-	2,862,638	2,790,262
Due from other funds	-	3,000,000	=	=	3,000,000	- -
Taxes receivable	1,237,372	-	-	-	1,237,372	1,509,967
Due from other governments	5,804,565	-	-	- 700	5,804,565	4,874,381
Other receivables	872,106	-	-	720	872,826	1,241,620
Prepaid items						17,730
Total assets	\$ 45,957,004	\$ 34,435,413	\$ 2,863,457	\$ 9,993	\$ 83,265,867	\$ 46,856,326
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,049,244	\$ 2,326,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,375,542	\$ 2,069,959
Due to other funds	3,003,320	-	-	-	3,003,320	98,475
Accrued salaries, payroll						
withholdings and benefits	10,900,993	-	-	-	10,900,993	10,514,886
Other liabilities	547,323				547,323	620,339
Total liabilities	16,500,880	2,326,298			18,827,178	13,303,659
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	804,441	_	_	_	804,441	1,182,096
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	-	=	-	-	=	17,730
Restricted for						
Capital projects	-	32,109,115	-	-	32,109,115	4,886,395
Debt service	-	-	2,863,457	-	2,863,457	2,791,970
Committed to	0.206.024				0.006.004	0.550.607
Capital projects Curriculum and technology initiatives	9,296,821 6,475,479	-	-	- -	9,296,821 6,475,479	8,553,627 3,486,636
Employer retirement rate stabilization	3,576,076	_	_	_	3,576,076	3,575,502
Long-term early retirement incentive	0,070,070				0,010,010	0,070,002
and compensated absences	854,948	-	-	-	854,948	833,935
Community pool	-	-	-	9,993	9,993	5,852
Unassigned	8,448,359	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	8,448,359	8,218,924
Total fund balances	28,651,683	32,109,115	2,863,457	9,993	63,634,248	32,370,571
Total liabilities, deferred						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and						
fund balances	\$ 45,957,004	\$ 34,435,413	\$ 2,863,457	\$ 9,993	\$ 83,265,867	\$ 46,856,326

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2021

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	63,634,248
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		85,726,884
Deferred outflows of resources for deferred amounts on debt refunding are currently expended in the governmental funds, whereas they are capitalized and amortized over the life of the respective debt in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).		1,937,412
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are not reported as assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.		17,722,012
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds balance sheet.		804,441
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(272,310,444)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The assets and liabilities of the District's Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).		8,355,732
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is included in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit), but is excluded from the governmental funds balance sheet until due and payable.	_	(655,577)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	(94,785,292)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Funds											
				Capital		Debt	Non-Major					
		General		Projects		Sinking		rnmental	_	Tot	als	
REVENUES		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		Fund		und		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Local sources	\$	86,474,906	\$	2,389	\$	(209,902)	\$	21	\$	86,267,414	\$	83,718,466
State sources	Ψ	16,489,156	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ.	-	Ψ	16,489,156	*	15,158,245
Federal sources		3,408,038								3,408,038		1,970,181
Total revenues		106,372,100	_	2,389		(209,902)	_	21	_	106,164,608	_	100,846,892
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
Instruction		57,532,991		-		-		-		57,532,991		57,293,581
Support services		33,595,577		322,206		-		-		33,917,783		31,762,533
Operation of noninstructional												
services		1,151,753		-		-		40,880		1,192,633		1,381,129
Facilities acquisition, construction				5 000 574						5 000 574		4 440 040
and improvement services		-		5,269,574		-		-		5,269,574		1,116,019
Debt service	_	6,897,554	_		_		_		_	6,897,554	_	6,629,810
Total expenditures	_	99,177,875	_	5,591,780	_		_	40,880	_	104,810,535	_	98,183,072
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)												
EXPENDITURES	_	7,194,225	_	(5,589,391)	_	(209,902)	(40,85 <u>9</u>)	_	1,354,073	_	2,663,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of/compensation for												
capital assets		1,804								1,804		2,336
Insurance recoveries		384,497		-		-		-		384,497		9,221
Refund of prior year receipts		(4,642)		_		_		_		(4,642)		-
Issuance of debt		(4,042)		25,530,000		_		_		25,530,000		_
Issuance of debt - refunding		_		-		_		_		-		17,610,000
Payment of debt - refunding		_		_		-		-		_		(18,425,000)
Bond premiums		-		3,997,945		-		-		3,997,945		1,260,404
Transfers in		-		3,284,166		281,389		45,000		3,610,555		785,916
Transfers out		(3,610,555)		-					_	(3,610,555)		(785,916)
Total other financing												
sources (uses)		(3,228,896)		32,812,111		281,389		45,000		29,909,604		456,961
35 a. 555 (a. 555)	_	(0,220,000)	_	02,012,111	_	201,000		10,000	_	20,000,001	_	100,001
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		3,965,329		27,222,720		71,487		4,141		31,263,677		3,120,781
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year		24,686,354		4,886,395		2,791,970		5,852		32,370,571		29,249,790
beginning or year	_	24,000,004	_	4,000,333	_	2,131,310	_	J,0JZ		32,310,311	_	23,243,130
End of year	\$	28,651,683	\$	32,109,115	\$	2,863,457	\$	9,993	\$	63,634,248	\$	32,370,571

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2021

Tear chieca dane 30, 2021		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 31,263,677
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense and disposals in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures Net book value of disposed capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 5,693,837 (113,750) (4,815,277)	764,810
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount in the current period.		
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2020 Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2021	(1,182,096) <u>804,441</u>	(377,655)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with the governmental activities.		1,227,124
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayment of bonds and notes payable Proceeds from bonds payable Proceeds from bond premiums Amortization of discounts, premiums and deferred amounts on refunding	4,016,000 (25,530,000) (3,997,945) 370,054	(25,141,891)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures on governmental funds.		
Change in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows Current year change in accrued interest payable Current year change in long-term early retirement incentive Current year change in compensated absences Change in net post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability and related	(220,916) 76,267 25,056 (46,070)	
deferred inflows and outflows	(219,089)	(384,752)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u>\$ 7,351,313</u>

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

•	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service		tals
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenses Total current assets	\$ 622,199 18,940 3,320 101,948 20,552 - 766,959	\$ - - - - - 8,355,732 8,355,732	\$ 622,199 18,940 3,320 101,948 20,552 8,355,732 9,122,691	\$ 943,594 2,521 98,475 34,281 30,739 7,133,158 8,242,768
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net Total assets	221,737 988,696		221,737 9,344,428	247,806 8,490,574
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charges - OPEB Deferred charges - pension Total deferred outflows of resources	5,269 236,579 241,848		5,269 236,579 241,848	10,132 175,239 185,371
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICT				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue Total current liabilities	122,000 164,874 286,874	- - -	122,000 164,874 286,874	169,532 168,903 338,435
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Net OPEB liability - PSERS Net pension liability - PSERS Total noncurrent liabilities	48,007 1,597,238 1,645,245	- - -	48,007 1,597,238 1,645,245	105,574 1,459,938 1,565,512
Total liabilities	1,932,119		1,932,119	1,903,947
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred credits - OPEB Deferred credits - pension Total deferred inflows of resources	1,991 51,756 53,747	- - -	1,991 51,756 53,747	5,898 78,384 84,282
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	221,737 (977,059)	8,355,732	221,737 7,378,673	247,806 6,439,910
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (755,322)	\$8,355,732	\$7,600,410	\$ 6,687,716

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	tals
	Fund	Fund	2021	2020
OPERATING REVENUES			=== -	
Charges for services	\$ 37,104	\$11,205,730	\$11,242,834	\$11,607,326
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	444,303	-	444,303	484,820
Employee benefits	282,346	9,070,477	9,352,823	8,985,494
Purchased professional and technical				
services	56,980	918,863	975,843	907,946
Purchased property services	23,435	-	23,435	22,482
Other purchased services	59,631	-	59,631	59,223
Supplies	329,706	-	329,706	687,852
Depreciation	26,069		26,069	23,208
Total operating expenses	1,222,470	9,989,340	11,211,810	11,171,025
Operating income (loss)	(1,185,366)	1,216,390	31,024	436,301
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Earnings on investments	386	10,734	11,120	151,822
Gain on disposal of capital assets	480	-	480	-
State sources	101,713	-	101,713	115,058
Federal sources	768,357		768,357	305,146
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	870,936	10,734	881,670	572,026
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(314,430)	1,227,124	912,694	1,008,327
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	(440,892)	7,128,608	6,687,716	5,679,389
End of year	\$ (755,322)	\$ 8,355,732	\$ 7,600,410	\$ 6,687,716

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tota	
CARL ELONO EDOM OPEDATINO ACTIVITIES	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф 46.6E6	Φ	ф 46.6E6	¢ 4.400.044
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 16,656	\$ -	\$ 16,656	\$ 1,102,014
Cash received for assessments made to other fund	- (400 000)	11,205,730	11,205,730	10,572,837
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(432,260)	=	(432,260)	(697,258)
Cash payments to employees for services	(638,773)	- 	(638,773)	(900,394)
Cash payments for insurance claims	-	(10,297,601)	(10,297,601)	(9,853,465)
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(918,863)	(918,863)	(853,346)
Net cash used for operating activities	(1,054,377)	(10,734)	(1,065,111)	(629,612)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
State sources	103,074	-	103,074	115,237
Federal sources	629,042	-	629,042	223,183
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	732,116		732,116	338,420
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	480	-	480	-
Acquisition of capital assets	_	_	_	(71,717)
' '				
Net cash provided by (used for) capital financing activities	480		480	(71,717)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Earnings on investments	386	10,734	11,120	151,822
Net decrease in cash	(321,395)	-	(321,395)	(211,087)
CASH				
Beginning of year	943,594		943,594	1,154,681
End of year	\$ 622,199	\$ -	\$ 622,199	\$ 943,594
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,185,366)	\$ 1,216,390	\$ 31,024	\$ 436,301
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities				
Depreciation	26,069	_	26,069	23,208
Donated commodities used	70,287	_	70,287	61,642
	,		,	,
(Increase) decrease in				
Accounts receivable	(16,419)	-	(16,419)	1,736
Due from other funds	95,155	-	95,155	(69,228)
Inventories	10,187	=	10,187	(7,713)
Prepaid expenses	4,550	(1,227,124)	(1,222,574)	(1,230,272)
Deferred outflows of resources	(56,477)	-	(56,477)	32,107
Increase (decrease) in				
Accounts payable	(47,532)	=	(47,532)	77,520
Due to other funds	-		-	-
Unearned revenue	(4,029)	-	(4,029)	65,789
Net OPEB liability - PSERS	(57,567)	-	(57,567)	1,979
Net pension liability - PSERS	137,300	-	137,300	(39,596)
Deferred inflows of resources	(30,535)	-	(30,535)	16,915
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (1,054,377)	\$ (10,734)	\$ (1,065,111)	\$ (641,017)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Noncash noncapital financing activity				
USDA donated commodities	\$ 70,287	¢	\$ 70,287	\$ 61,642
CODA donated commodutes	ψ 10,201	<u> </u>	ψ 10,201	Ψ 01,042

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Private- Purpose	Custodial	Tot	tals
	Trust	Funds	2021	2020
ASSETS			<u></u>	
Cash	\$141,132	\$61,477	\$202,609	\$ 133,377
Investments	190,000		190,000	261,000
Total assets	331,132	61,477	392,609	394,377
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,000	5,208	6,208	5,000
NET POSITION				
Restricted for student activities	-	56,269	56,269	50,653
Net position held in trust for scholarships	330,132		330,132	338,724
Total net position	\$330,132	\$56,269	\$386,401	\$389,377

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Private-	Custodial	Tot	-ala
	Purpose Trust	Custodial		<u>2020</u>
ADDITIONS Receipts from student groups Local contributions	\$ - 	Funds \$ 56,175	\$ 56,175 7,081	\$ 40,658 7,918
Total additions	7,081	56,175	63,256	48,576
DEDUCTIONS Student activity disbursements Scholarships awarded and fees paid Total deductions	15,673 15,673	50,559 - 50,559	50,559 15,673 66,232	52,719 16,950 69,669
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(8,592)	5,616	(2,976)	(21,093)
NET POSITION Beginning of year	338,724	50,653	389,377	410,470
End of year	<u>\$330,132</u>	\$56,269	\$386,401	\$389,377

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Radnor Township School District (the "District") operates three elementary schools, a middle school and a high school to provide education and related services to the residents of Radnor Township. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member board form of government (the "School Board").

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

Reporting Entity

GASB has established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared as further defined below. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position (deficit) presents the financial position of the District which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified in one of three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. The net position of the District is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The statement of net position (deficit) includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition, construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment.

The Debt Sinking Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term principal, interest and other related costs.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Deferred inflows of resources is reported in connection with receivables for tax revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Other receipts are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, special termination benefits, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Proprietary Funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District reports the following proprietary funds:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues and costs of providing meals to students during the school year.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide a self-insurance program for health and prescription coverage.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary funds include payroll, employee benefits, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of individuals and/or government units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District has one custodial fund consisting of funds held on behalf of the students.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices, except for certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Fair Value Measurements of Assets and Liabilities

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the District. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the District has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these assets and liabilities does not require a significant degree of judgment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable, that is, inputs that reflect the District's own assumptions.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 - August 31

September 1 – October 31

November 1 – February 15

February 28

- Discount period, 2% of gross levy

Face period

- Penalty period, 10% of gross levy

Lien date

The County Board of Assessments determines assessed valuations of property, and the taxes are billed and collected by the District. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2020-2021 was 25.5659 mills (\$25.57 for \$1,000 of assessed valuation), which includes an additional levy for the District's sponsorship of the Delaware County Community College of 0.5176 mills (\$0.52 for \$1,000 of assessed valuation). The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Taxpayers who have a primary residence within the District have the option of paying in three installments. These installments have the following due dates:

Installment One - August 31
Installment Two - October 31
Installment Three - December 31

The discount (two percent) is not applicable to installment payments; however, the penalty (10 percent) will be added if second and third installments are paid subsequent to the due dates.

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment (net of salvage value) of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements – 15-40 years, land improvements – 15-20 years and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. If a capital asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment is measured by the method that most reflects the decline in service utility of the capital asset at the lower of carrying value or fair value for impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the District. No impairment losses were recognized in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and uses. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing costs.

Fund Equity

As prescribed by GASB, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The District reports the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Committed

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action (e.g., resolution).

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Business Administrator or (b) an appointed body (e.g., finance committee) or (c) an official to which the District has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund or the capital projects fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned or unassigned—in order as needed.

Per District policy #620, the School Board has set a General Fund maximum unassigned fund balance of not less than 5% and not more than 8% of the following year's expenditure budget in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.

Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund and activity type have not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Summarized comparative information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2020, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No.84 "Fiduciary Activities" GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61"; GASB Statement No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates"; GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponements of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" and GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 84 improved guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB Statement No. 84 established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. As a result of the implementation Statement No. 84 the District reported restricted net position and changes in fiduciary net position for its Student Activities Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90 improved the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defined a majority equity interest and specified that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses those and other accounting and financial implications that result from the replacement from IBOR by (1) providing exceptions for certain hedging derivatives to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment; (2) clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate; (3) clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBOR's does not, by itself affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable; (4) removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap; (5) identifying a secured overnight financing rate and the effective federal funds rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap and; (6) clarifying the definition of a reference rate, as it is used in GASB Statement 53 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 95 provided temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements that first became effective or are scheduled to be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. See references to GASB Statement No. 95 within the various pronouncements above to determine the impact on each individual statement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 95 by the District postponed the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 until year ended June 30, 2021 as described above and the implementation of GASB Statement No 87 until year ended June 30, 2022 as described below.

The objectives of GASB Statement No. 97 are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period", will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objectives of GASB Statement No. 89 are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting required for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest costs includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", which are superseded by GASB Statement No. 89. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with government fund accounting principles.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. GASB Statement No. 92 addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPP"s). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"s) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipalities in which it is located, and within 20 days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative offices of the District. Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least 10 days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the School Board.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the School Board is required to file a copy of the budget with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31. Additional copies of the budget also are required to be filed with the House Education Committee and the Senate Education Committee by September 15.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The School Board may make transfers of funds appropriated in any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without approval from the School Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

(3) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$58,557,412 and the bank balance was \$59,202,816. The District is required by state statute to deposit funds in depositories that are either banks, banking institutions or trust companies located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To the extent that such deposits exceed federal insurance, the depositories must pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision. Under Act 72 of 1971, as amended, the depositories may meet this collateralization requirement by pooling appropriate securities to cover all public funds on deposit. Of the bank balance, \$332,290 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$48,056,406 was collateralized by the District's depositories in accordance with Act 72 and the collateral was held by the depositories' agent in pooled public funds. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund ("PSDLAF"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2021, PSDLAF was rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, state treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

		Investm	<u>ient Mat</u>	<u>urities (In Ye</u>	ars)
Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less than 1	<u>1 – 5</u>	<u>6 – 10</u>	<u>11 – 15</u>
Certificates of deposit U.S. Treasury bills and strips	\$ 2,652,000 <u>12,156,500</u>	\$ 2,652,000 9,293,862	-	\$ - <u>2,862,638</u>	\$ -
	\$14,808,500	\$11,945,862	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,862,638</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

U.S. Treasury bills and strips were valued using Level 2 inputs.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral that is in the possession of an outside party. The collateral for all of the District's investments are held by the pledging bank's agent in the District's name. The District had no investments subject to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2021.

Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy limits investment maturities in accordance with state statues as a means of managing it exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investment policy limits its investments that are not backed by the "full faith and credit" of the federal or state government to those with the highest credit rating available for such investments issued by a recognized statistical rating organization.

Restricted Deposits and Investments

The District maintains restricted cash and investment balances held by fiscal agents, which are restricted for the repayment of Qualified School Construction Bonds (**See Note 7**). The total carrying amounts and related bank balances of these cash and investment accounts are \$2,863,457 as of June 30, 2021, which are invested in U.S. Treasury securities.

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental activities	<u>-</u>	Beginning Balance	Increase	<u>es</u>	<u>Deci</u>	<u>reases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	2,952,500	\$ 4,839,6	- <u>47</u>	\$	- -	\$ 2,952,500 4,839,647
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,952,500	4,839,6	<u>47</u>			 7,792,147

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	8,525,997 137,576,289 27,771,196	114,970 - <u>739,220</u>	116,428 - -	8,524,539 137,576,289 28,510,416
Total capital assets being depreciated	173,873,482	<u>854,190</u>	116,428	174,611,244
Less accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	(5,929,240) (63,025,149) (22,909,519)	(291,018) (3,362,830) (1,161,429)	(2,678)	(6,217,580) (66,387,979) (24,070,948)
Total accumulated depreciation	(91,863,908)	(4,815,277)	(2,678)	(96,676,507)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	82,009,574	(3,961,087)	<u>113,750</u>	77,934,737
Governmental activities, net	<u>\$ 84,962,074</u>	<u>\$ 878,560</u>	<u>\$113,750</u>	\$ 85,726,884
Business-type activities Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,210,540 (962,734)	\$ - (26,069)	\$ - -	\$ 1,210,540 (988,803)
Business-type activities, net	<u>\$ 247,806</u>	<u>\$ (26,069)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 221,737</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$2,932,977
Instructional student support	500,592
Administrative and financial support services	532,253
Operation and maintenance of plant services	521,405
Pupil transportation	269,050
Student activities	<u>59,000</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$4,815,277</u>
Business-type activities	
Food service	<u>\$ 26,069</u>

As of June 30, 2021, the District had outstanding construction projects to be completed. Construction commitments and the amounts completed as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Completed			
	Project <u>Amount</u>	Through June 30, 2021	Remaining Commitments		
Radnor High School project	<u>\$23,458,633</u>	\$4,839,647	<u>\$18,618,986</u>		

(5) INTERNAL RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable To	<u>Amount</u>	Payable From	<u>Amount</u>
Food Service Fund	\$ 3,320	General Fund	\$ 3,320
Capital Projects Fund	3,000,000	General Fund	3,000,000
	\$3,003,320		\$3,003,320

Interfund balances between funds represent temporary loans recorded at year-end as the result of a final allocation of expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Transfers In	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Debt Sinking Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ 281,389 3,284,166	General Fund General Fund	\$ 281,389 3,284,166
Non-Major Governmental Fund	45,000 \$3,610,555	General Fund	<u>45,000</u> \$3,610,555

Transfers from General Fund represent transfers to subsidize costs associated with the acquisition of capital assets, debt service requirements and the community pool program.

(6) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental activities General obligation debt	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 63,125,000	\$25,530,000	\$2,865,000	\$ 85.790.000	\$2,955,000
Notes payable	12,802,000	-	1,151,000	11,651,000	1,209,000
Qualified school construction bonds	5,065,000	_	-	5,065,000	-
Bond premiums	3,759,756	3,997,945	581,939	7,175,762	567,013
Bond discounts	(195,858)		(20,973)	(174,885)	(20,973)
Total general obligation debt	84,555,898	29,527,945	4,576,966	109,506,877	4,710,040
Other noncurrent liabilities					
Early retirement incentive	220,366	-	25,055	195,311	35,452
Compensated absences	712,258	70,269	-	782,527	87,438
OPEB liability	3,373,944	471,462	357,327	3,488,079	-
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	6,485,509	192,734	-	6,678,243	-
Net pension liability - PSERS	143,519,364	8,262,933		<u>151,782,297</u>	
Total other noncurrent					
liabilities	154,311,441	8,997,398	382,382	162,926,457	122,890
Total governmental activities	238,867,339	38,525,343	4,959,348	272,433,334	4,832,930
Business-type activities					
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	105,574	-	57,567	48,007	-
Net pension liability - PSERS	1,459,938	137,300		1,597,238	
Total business-type activities	1,565,512	137,300	57,567	1,645,245	
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$240,432,851</u>	<u>\$38,662,643</u>	<u>\$5,016,915</u>	<u>\$274,078,579</u>	\$4,832,930

Noncurrent liabilities of governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund, while noncurrent liabilities of the business-type activities are liquidated by the Food Service Fund.

(7) GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

General obligation debt is a direct obligation of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and is payable from unrestricted resources. The District has not pledged any assets as collateral for general obligation debt. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior general obligation debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The District participates in the Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB") program sponsored by the State Public School Building Authority ("SPSBA"). The SPSBA was formed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of financing the construction and improvement of public school facilities under the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The QSCB program was created by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") and allows schools to borrow at nominal or zero percent to fund new construction, renovation and rehabilitation of schools as well as the purchase of land and equipment. The SPSBA issues the bonds through the QSCB program and provides loans to schools for qualified projects. Under the QSCB program the SPSBA receives direct interest subsidy payments from the United States Treasury which are then transferred to the borrowers as a reimbursement of the interest portion of their loan repayments. On December 1, 2010, the District borrowed \$1,500,000 from the SPSBA under the QSCB program. The District is required to deposit \$83,333 annually into a sinking fund through the maturity date of September 1, 2028. On November 1, 2011, the District borrowed \$3,565,000 from the SPSBA under the QSCB program. The District is required to deposit \$198,056 annually into a sinking fund through the maturity date of September 1, 2029. Sinking fund deposits are included as restricted assets held by fiscal agent in the accompanying financial statements.

General obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

<u>Description</u>	Interest <u>Rate(s)</u>	Original <u>Issue Amount</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Principal Outstanding
General obligation bonds				
Series of 2014	1.00% - 5.00%	\$15,395,000	10/01/2032	\$ 7,735,000
Series of 2014B	0.18% - 3.20%	\$6,005,000	02/15/2035	5,400,000
Series of 2015A	1.00% - 5.00%	\$15,575,000	11/15/2028	8,960,000
Series of 2015B	2.00% - 3.00%	\$4,125,000	02/15/2026	2,015,000
Series of 2019	2.00% - 3.00%	\$9,210,000	08/15/2032	9,110,000
Series of 2019A	2.00% - 3.00%	\$9,945,000	08/15/2034	9,940,000
Series of 2019B	2.00% - 4.00%	\$17,610,000	02/15/2034	17,100,000
Series of 2021	1.00% - 4.00%	\$25,530,000	08/15/2040	25,530,000
Total general obligation bor	nds			<u>85,790,000</u>
General obligation notes				
Series of 2017A	1.99%	\$9,810,000	08/01/2028	9,746,000
Series of 2017B	1.75%	\$5,075,000	08/01/2022	1,905,000
Total general obligation not	es			11,651,000
Qualified school construction box	nds			
Series of 2010B	6.495%	\$1,500,000	09/01/2028	1,500,000
Series of 2011A	5.088%	\$3,565,000	09/01/2029	3,565,000
Total qualified school construction bonds				5,065,000
Total general obligation of	debt			\$102,506,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Year ending June 30,		Principal <u>Maturities</u>	Interest <u>Maturities</u>	Del	ot Sinking Fund		<u>Total</u>
2022	\$	4,164,000	\$ 3,275,335	\$	281,389	\$	7,720,724
2023		4,322,000	3,296,315		281,389		7,899,704
2024		4,491,000	3,135,602		281,388		7,907,990
2025		4,655,000	2,975,624		281,390		7,912,014
2026		4,754,000	2,807,167		281,388		7,842,555
2027-2031		32,360,000	11,239,347	(4	1,022,776)		39,576,571
2032-2036		26,425,000	6,166,777		-		32,591,777
2037-2041		21,335,000	2,201,900				23,536,900
	\$ ^	102,506,000	\$35,098,067	\$(2	2,615,832)	<u>\$1</u>	34,988,235

Series of 2021 General Obligation Bonds

On March 18, 2020, the District issued \$25,530,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2021, the proceeds from which were used toward capital projects of the District, including but not limited to, an accessibility and wellness project at the high school campus and to pay for the costs of issuance.

(8) EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE

The District from time to time offers additional retirement incentives known as early retirement incentive plans ("ERIP") to senior professional staff and administrators contemplating retirement. There is no contractual requirement for the District to offer ERIP incentives. An ERIP is formally approved by School Board action in the year an ERIP plan is implemented.

In order for an employee to retire and participate in a District sponsored ERIP, the District must first decide whether or not to offer an ERIP in the year the employee is retiring and a specified minimum number of employees must opt into the ERIP. The District's various ERIP plans provide for the payment of specific annuity amounts to the participating retiree or the payments of a specified dollar amount to be applied toward participating retiree healthcare premiums through Medicare eligible age.

The District's liability for its ERIP plans has been reported at the discounted present value of expected future benefit payments in the government-wide financial statements. For the year ended June 30, 2021, 2 retirees received benefits under the District's ERIP plans and the District paid \$35,452 in ERIP benefits to retirees.

As of June 30, 2021, the District had two ERIP plans in effect. The number of participants and the present value of those benefits as of June 30, 2021 are summarized below:

ERIP Began	<u>Participants</u>	<u>Amount</u>
July 1, 2016	1	\$ 19,927
July 1, 2017	1	<u>175,384</u>
		<u>\$195,311</u>

(9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Single-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The District's other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides medical insurance to all retirees and their dependents. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The OPEB Plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

OPEB Plan Membership

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2020:

Active participants	623
Vested former participants	-
Retired participants	<u>18</u>
Total	<u>641</u>

Funding Policy

The District's contributions are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of retirees are established and may be amended by the School Board.

OPEB Liability

The District's OPEB liability has been measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and by rolling forward the liabilities from the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation through the measurement date. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The OPEB liability is \$3,488,079, all of which is unfunded. As of June 30, 2021, the OPEB liability of \$3,488,079 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

The District's change in its OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Balance as of July 1, 2019	<u>\$3,373,944</u>
Changes for the year	
Service cost	242,929
Interest on total OPEB liability	118,826
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	(208,907)
Changes in assumptions	109,707
Benefit payments	<u>(148,420</u>)
Net changes	114,135
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$3,488,079</u>

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$323,060. At June 30, 2021, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between projected and actual experience	\$ -	\$592,010
Changes in assumptions	264,637	70,818
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>100,889</u>	
	\$365,526	\$662,828

\$100,889 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Year ended June 30,	
2022	\$ (38,695)
2023	(38,695)
2024	(38,695)
2025	(38,695)
2026	(38,695)
Thereafter	_(204,716)
	\$(398.191)

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability for June 30, 2021, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB liability	\$3,082,961	\$3,488,079	\$3,970,037

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 1.86%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.86%) or 1 percentage point higher (2.86%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 0.86%	Rate <u>1.86%</u>	1% Increase 2.86%
OPEB Liability	\$3,736,22 <u>5</u>	\$3,488,079	\$3,251,057

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

The OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal
- Discount rate 1.86% Standard and Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate. The discount rate changed from 3.36% to 1.86%.
- Salary growth effective average of 6.25%, comprised of inflation of 2.50%, 1.00% for real wage growth and 0.00 to 2.75% for merit or seniority increases.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends 5.50% in 2020 through 2023. Rates gradually decrease from 5.40% in 2024 to 4.00% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries long-run medical cost trend model.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Plan Description

PSERS provides health insurance premium assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of- pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the health insurance premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the PSERS' health options program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.82% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$365,172 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$6,726,250 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.3113 percent, which was an increase of 0.0014 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2021, the OPEB liability of \$6,678,243 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit) and the remaining \$48,007 of the OPEB liability is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund statement of net position, and in the business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$310,000. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 62,000	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	274,000	148,000
Net difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings	12,000	-
Changes in proportions	25,000	131,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	365,172	<u> </u>
	<u>\$738,172</u>	<u>\$279,000</u>

\$365,172 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement date). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Date Year ended June 30,

2021	\$ (9,000)
2022	(11,000)
2023	(13,000)
2024	55,000
2025	47,000
Thereafter	_ 25,000
	\$ 94.000

Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 2.66% Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Participation rate:

- Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre age 65 at 50%
- Eligible retirees will elect to participate post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period June 30, 2015.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020.
- Cost method amount necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: market value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 combined healthy annuitant tables with age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 combined disabled tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females and disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 combined healthy annuitant tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25% males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the OPEB plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB - Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	50.3%	(1.0)%
US Core Fixed Income	46.5%	(0.1)%
Non-US Developed Fixed	<u>3.2</u> %	(0.1)%
	100.00%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.66%. Under the OPEB plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of health insurance premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of health insurance premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The health insurance premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the OPEB plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.66% which represents the Standard & Poor's 20 year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2020, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual health insurance premium assistance. As of June 30, 2020, retirees health insurance premium assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The healthcare insurance premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on healthcare cost trends as depicted below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The following presents the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2020, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
the net OPEB liability	\$6,725,387	\$6,726,250	\$6,726,938

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.66%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.66%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.66%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 1.66%	Rate 2.66%	1% Increase 3.66%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	<u>\$7,668,963</u>	\$6,726,250	<u>\$5,945,603</u>

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

(10) PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS") and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Active members who joined the system prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the system on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the system after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the system after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 33.51% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$15,003,243 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$153,379,535 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.3115 percent, which was an increase of 0.0016 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2021, the net pension liability of \$151,782,297 is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit) and the remaining \$1,597,238 of the net pension liability is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund statement of net position (deficit), and in the business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,278,000. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 401,000 -	\$3,676,000 -
Net difference between projected and actual investment		
earnings	6,741,000	-
Changes in proportions	573,000	1,294,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	15,003,243	
	\$22,718,243	\$4,970,000

\$15,003,243 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement date). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Date Year ended June 30,

2021	\$(1,872,000)
2022	429,000
2023	2,186,000
2024	2,002,000
	<u>\$ 2,745,000</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability at June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial valuation experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	15.0 %	5.2%
Private equity	15.0 %	7.2%
Fixed income	36.0 %	1.1%
Commodities	8.0 %	1.8%
Absolute return	10.0 %	2.5%
Infrastructure/MLPs	6.0 %	5.7%
Real estate	10.0 %	5.5%
Risk parity	8.0 %	3.3%
Cash	6.0 %	(1.0)%
Financing (LIBOR)	<u>(14.0</u>)%	(0.7)%
	<u>100.0</u> %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$189,762,894</u>	<u>\$153,379,535</u>	\$122,557,74 <u>7</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the system's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

(11) JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Delaware County Vocational Technical School and Delaware Vocational Technical School Authority

The District and the other fourteen Delaware County school districts participate in the Delaware County Vocational Technical School (the "DCVTS"). The DCVTS provides vocational-technical training and education to students of the participating school districts. The DCVTS is controlled by a joint Board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts. District oversight of the DCVTS operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of operating costs for the DCVTS fluctuates based on the District's percentage of enrollment. The District's share of operating costs for 2020-2021 was \$412,726.

The District and the other fourteen Delaware County school districts also participate in a joint venture for the operation of the Delaware County Vocational-Technical School Authority (the "DCVTSA"). The DCVTSA oversees acquiring holding, constructing, improving and maintaining the DCVTSA school buildings. The DCVTSA is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts in the DCVTS. During 2020-2021, the District did not have any financial transactions with the DCVTS.

Both the DCVTS and the DCVTSA prepare financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices located at 200 Yale Avenue, Morton, Pennsylvania 19070.

Delaware County Community College

The District and twelve other Delaware County schools sponsor the Delaware County Community College (the "DCCC"). The DCCC provides higher education programs to the residents of southeastern Pennsylvania. Sponsoring school districts pay a share of the DCCC's operating and debt service costs which fluctuate based on each District's certified market values and in return residents of each of the sponsoring school districts pay a reduced cost to participate in DCCC higher education programs. The sponsoring school districts have also entered into a long-term lease agreement with the DCCC to provide rental payments sufficient to retire the DCCC's outstanding debt obligations. The lease agreement expires in 2032-2033 unless the debt is retired earlier. The District's share of operating costs and rent expense for 2020-2021 was \$1,166,227.

The DCCC prepares financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices located at 901 South Media Line Road, Media, Pennsylvania 19063.

The District's future annual lease payments to DCCC are as follows:

Year ending June 30,

2022	\$ 286,030
2023	275,917
2024	255,055
2025	254,796
2026	254,828
2027-2031	1,274,052
2032-2035	639,493
	<u>\$3,240,171</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Delaware County Intermediate Unit

The District and the other Delaware County school districts are participating members of the Delaware County Intermediate Unit (the "DCIU"). The DCIU is a regional educational service agency, established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which is governed by a joint committee consisting of School Board members from each participating district. The School Board of each participating district must approve the annual operating budget of the DCIU, but the participating districts have no ongoing fiduciary interest or responsibility to the DCIU. The DCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides a broad array of services to participating districts which include: curriculum development and instructional improvement; educational planning services; instructional material; continuing professional development; pupil personnel services; management services and state and federal liaison services. During 2020-2021, the District contracted with the DCIU for special education services which totaled \$1,602,763.

(12) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Government Grants and Awards

The District receives federal, state and local funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various matters of litigation and claims. These matters result from the normal course of business. It is not presently possible to determine the ultimate outcome or settlement cost, if any, of these matters.

(13) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs, including workers compensation and employee health accident insurance. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during the 2020-2021 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The District participates in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies from Delaware County to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription insurance coverage and related expenses for eligible employees, spouses and dependents. Accordingly, benefit payments plus an administrative charge are made to a third-party administrator, who approves and processes all claims. Since the District has not transferred its risk to the other participants in the consortium, GASB requires that it recognize and measure its claims, liabilities and related expenses. The District accounts for its participation in the consortium in the Internal Service Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

The following table presents the components of the self-insurance claims surplus (liability) and the related changes in the claims surplus (liability) for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Insurance claims surplus (liability) – beginning of year Current year insurance claims, fees and changes in estimates Insurance claims and fees paid	\$ 7,128,608 (9,989,340) _11,216,464	\$ 5,902,886 (9,481,089) 10,706,811
Insurance claims surplus (liability) - end of year	<u>\$ 8,355,732</u>	\$ 7,128,608

(14) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities", the District made a prior period adjustment to record net position for its Custodial Fund within its fiduciary activities. This prior period adjustment and its effect on net position at July 1, 2019 was an increase in Custodial Fund net position of \$62,714. Prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, custodial fund assets equaled liabilities and did not involve measurement of results of operations.

(15) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 14, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2021 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year ended June 30, 2021

DEVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Local sources	¢ 92.700.264	¢ 92.700.261	¢ 96.474.006	¢ 0 604 646
State sources	\$ 83,790,361 16,020,220	\$ 83,790,361 16,020,220	\$ 86,474,906 16,489,156	\$ 2,684,545 468,936
Federal sources	1,583,073	1,583,073	3,408,038	1,824,965
Total revenues	101,393,654	101,393,654	106,372,100	4,978,446
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular programs	41,219,254	42,185,653	41,804,841	380,812
Special programs	16,091,247	14,071,294	13,962,354	108,940
Vocational programs	324,478	412,727	412,726	1
Other instructional programs	28,195	132,538	123,219	9,319
Nonpublic school programs	-	88,943	63,624	25,319
Higher education programs	1,166,227	1,166,227	1,166,227	-
Total instruction	58,829,401	58,057,382	57,532,991	524,391
Support services			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pupil personnel services	4,868,379	4,891,175	4,780,494	110,681
Instructional staff services	5,396,172	4,461,323	3,714,154	747,169
Administrative services	6,159,799	6,310,897	6,239,863	71,034
Pupil health	1,241,918	1,289,302	1,277,596	11,706
Business services	1,164,626	1,127,960	1,113,315	14,645
Operation and maintenance of plant services	8,711,678	8,552,894	8,399,096	153,798
Student transportation services	4,807,660	5,261,154	5,252,229	8,925
Support services - central	1,992,694	2,982,936	2,739,164	243,772
Other support services	79,198	79,667	79,666	1 201 721
Total support services	34,422,124	34,957,308	33,595,577	1,361,731
Operation of non-instructional services Student activities	1,466,902	1,398,096	1,151,753	246,343
Debt service	7,163,937	7,178,948	6,897,554	281,394
Total expenditures	101,882,364	101,591,734	99,177,875	2,413,859
Execus (deficiency) of revenues				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(488,710)	(198,080)	7,194,225	7,392,305
over (under) experiences	(400,710)	(190,000)	1,104,220	1,392,303
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	1,804	1,804
Insurance recoveries	5,000	5,000	384,497	379,497
Refund of prior year receipts	(15,000)	(1,464)	(4,642)	(3,178)
Transfers out	(25,000)	(329,166)	(3,610,555)	(3,281,389)
Budgetary reserve	(972,750)	(972,750)		972,750
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,007,750)	(1,298,380)	(3,228,896)	(1,930,516)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (1,496,460)</u>	<u>\$ (1,496,460)</u>	3,965,329	\$ 5,461,789
FUND BALANCE				
			24 606 254	
Beginning of year			24,686,354	
End of year			\$ 28,651,683	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PSERS

Year ended June 30

			ľ	Measurement Dat	е		
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share	0.3115%	0.3099%	0.3102%	0.3157%	0.3221%	0.3147%	0.3066%
of the net pension liability District's covered-employee	\$153,379,535	\$144,979,302	\$148,911,401	\$155,919,000	\$159,623,000	\$136,313,000	\$121,355,000
payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	\$ 43,688,025	\$ 42,742,444	\$ 41,770,144	\$ 42,030,698	\$ 41,716,998	\$ 40,491,077	\$ 39,126,733
covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	351.08%	339.19%	356.50%	370.96%	382.63%	336.65%	310.16%
total pension liability	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date								
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 14,552,186	\$ 13,878,053	\$ 13,162,803	\$ 12,075,000	\$ 10,247,000	\$ 8,126,000	\$ 6,108,000		
contractually required contribution	\$ 14,552,186	\$13,902,694	\$ 13,166,433	\$ 12,056,294	\$10,122,168	\$ 8,411,374	\$ 6,294,135		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	(24,641)	(3,630)	18,706	124,832	(285,374)	(186,135)		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 43,688,025	\$ 42,742,444	\$ 41,770,144	\$42,030,698	\$41,716,998	\$40,491,077	\$ 39,126,733		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	33.31%	32.47%	31.52%	28.68%	24.26%	20.77%	16.09%		

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY - SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Year ended June 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY				
Service cost	\$ 242,9	29 \$ 239,203	\$ 304,177	\$ 280,485
Interest on total OPEB liability	118,8	26 101,476	122,133	84,585
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(217,199)	-
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	(208,9	,	(532,232)	-
Changes of assumptions	109,7	, , ,		239,516
Benefit payments	(148,4	<u>(104,271)</u>	(124,662)	(121,608)
Net change in total OPEB liability	114,1	35 151,426	(442,857)	482,978
Total OPEB liability, beginning	3,373,9	3,222,518	3,665,375	3,182,397
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 3,488,0	<u>\$ 3,373,944</u>	\$ 3,222,518	\$ 3,665,375
Fiduciary net position as a % of total				
OPEB liability	0.0	0% 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 42,721,5	\$35,537,589	\$ 35,537,589	\$ 34,259,984
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	8.1	6% 9.49%	9.07%	10.70%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date							
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>				
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3113%	0.3099%	0.3102%	0.3157%				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,726,250	\$ 6,591,083	\$ 6,467,512	\$ 6,432,000				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 43,688,025	\$ 42,742,444	\$41,770,144	\$42,030,698				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its								
covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	15.40%	15.42%	15.48%	15.30%				
of the total OPEB liability	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.30%				

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date							
	2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>			2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	366,472	\$	355,056	\$	347,000	\$	349,000
contractually required contribution	\$	366,472	\$	353,964	\$	344,302	\$	342,696
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		1,092		2,698		6,304
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 43,688,025		\$ 42,742,444		\$41,770,144		\$ 42,030,698	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.84%		0.83%		0.82%		0.82%

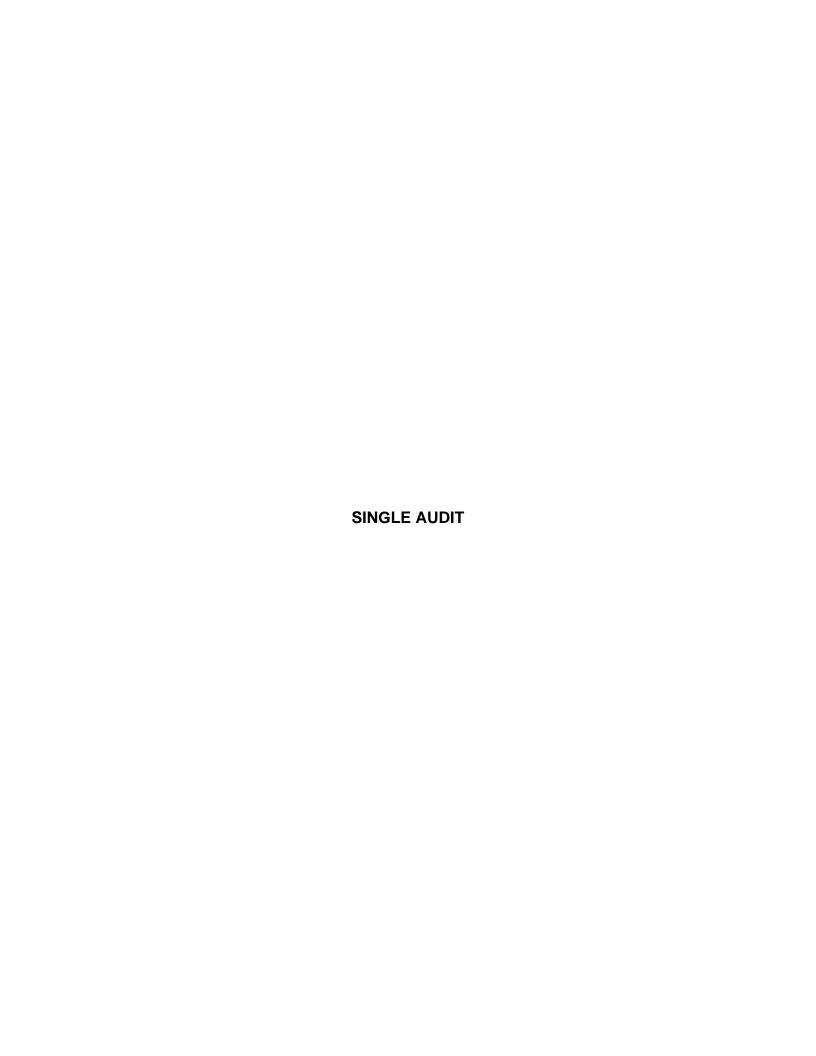
In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES BY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2021

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Sinking Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	<u>Total</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,965,329	\$ 27,222,720	\$ 71,487	<u>\$4,141</u>	\$ 31,263,677
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:					
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.					
Capital outlay expenditures	424,263	5,269,574	-	-	5,693,837
Net book value of disposed of capital assets	(113,750)	-	-	-	(113,750)
Depreciation expense	(4,815,277)				(4,815,277)
	(4,504,764)	5,269,574			764,810
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources increased by this amount in the current period.					
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2019	(1,182,096)	-	-	-	(1,182,096)
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2020	804,441				804,441
	(377,655)				(377,655)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with the governmental activities.	1,227,124	<u>-</u>	-	-	1,227,124
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.					
Repayment of bonds and notes payable	4,016,000	-	-	-	4,016,000
Proceeds from bonds payable	-	(25,530,000)	-	-	(25,530,000)
Proceeds from bond premiums	-	(3,997,945)	-	-	(3,997,945)
Amortization of discounts, premiums and deferred amounts on refunding	4 046 000	(20.457.804)			370,054
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	4,016,000	(29,157,891)			(25,141,891)
Change in net pension liabilty and related pension items	(220,916)	-	-	-	(220,916)
Current year change in accrued interest payable	76,267	-	-	-	76,267
Current year change in early retirement incentive Current year change in compensated absences	25,056 (46,070)	-	-	<u>-</u>	25,056 (46,070)
Change in net post-employment benefit (OPEB)	(40,070)	-	-	-	(+0,070)
liability and related OPEB items	(219,089)				(219,089)
	(384,752)				(384,752)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,941,282	\$ 3,334,403	\$ 71,487	<u>\$4,141</u>	\$ 7,351,313



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received <u>for Year</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2020	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2021	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education	a _										
Title I - Improving Basic Programs Title I - Improving Basic Programs Title I - Improving Basic Programs	 	84.010 84.010 84.010	013-190354 013-200354 013-210354	07/01/18 - 09/30/19 07/01/19 - 09/30/20 07/01/20 - 09/30/21	\$ 418,715 440,616 465,321	242,484	(59,528)	\$ (15,466) 240,068 183,503	\$ (15,466) 240,068 183,503	180,540 (58,981)	\$ - - -
Total CFDA #84.010						272,572	(29,440)	408,105	408,105	106,093	
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality Title II - Improving Teacher Quality Total CFDA #84.367	l I	84.367 84.367	020-200354 020-210354	07/01/19 - 09/30/20 07/01/20 - 09/30/21	106,830 104,936	63,112 105,290 168,402	63,112	104,936 104,936	104,936 104,936	(354) (354)	- - -
Title III - Language Instruction LEP/ Immigrant Students Title III - Language Instruction LEP/	I	84.365	010-190354	07/01/18 - 09/30/19	28,461	18,296	18,296	-	-	-	-
Immigrant Students	1	84.365	010-210354	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	26,138	8,042		6,615	6,615	(1,427)	
Total CFDA #84.365						26,338	18,296	6,615	6,615	(1,427)	
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Achievement Title IV - Student Support and	1	84.424	144-190354	07/01/18 - 09/30/20	23,784	10,193	(6,713)	16,371	16,371	(535)	-
Academic Achievement Title IV - Student Support and	1	84.424	144-200354	07/01/19 - 09/30/20	30,336	14,157	(4,041)	15,311	15,311	(2,887)	-
Academic Achievement	1	84.424	144-210354	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	30,233	13,954		10,735	10,735	(3,219)	
Total CFDA #84.424						38,304	(10,754)	42,417	42,417	(6,641)	-
CARES Act - ESSER Fund Local	I	84.425	200-200354	03/13/20 - 10/30/20	327,420	292,955	292,955	-	-	-	-
CARES Act - ESSER Fund Local	I	84.425	200-210354	03/13/20 - 09/30/23	1,830,271	=	=	1,774,538	1,774,538	1,774,538	-
COVID-19 SECIM	1	84.425	252-200354	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-	-
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Deling											
CARES Act - ESSER Fund Local	1	84.425	2020-ES-01-34987	03/13/20 - 09/30/22	105,269	25,611		43,500	43,500	17,889	
Total CFDA #84.425						323,566	292,955	1,823,038	1,823,038	1,792,427	

Continued on next page

	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2020	Revenue Recognized	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2021	Passed Through to Subrecipients
	Passed Through the Delaware County I.U.											
	I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619 I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	 	84.173 84.173	N/A N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20 07/01/20 - 06/30/21	1,791 2,002	1,791 -	1,791 -	- 2,002	- 2,002	- 2,002	- -
	Total CFDA #84.173						1,791	1,791	2,002	2,002	2,002	<u> </u>
	I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611 I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	 	84.027 84.027	N/A N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20 07/01/20 - 06/30/21	497,141 422,269	404,334 215,144	404,334	- 470,932	- 470,932	- 255,788	- -
	Total CFDA #84.027						619,478	404,334	470,932	470,932	255,788	
	Total U.S. Department of Educa	ation					1,450,451	740,294	2,858,045	2,858,045	2,147,888	-
	U.S. Department of Treasury Passed-Through the Pennsylvani Commission on Crime and Delino COVID-19 Relief Fund		21.019	2020-CS-01-34084	03/01/20 - 10/30/20	263.668	262 669	262.669				
	COVID-19 Relief Fund	ı	21.019	2020-05-01-34084	03/01/20 - 10/30/20	203,008	263,668	263,668				
3	Passed Through the Delaware County I.U.											
	COVID-19 Relief Fund	I	21.019	N/A	03/01/20 - 10/30/20	416,825	416,825	204,413	212,412	212,412		
	Total CFDA #21.019						680,493	468,081	212,412	212,412		-
	Total U.S. Department of Treas	ury					680,493	468,081	212,412	212,412		
	U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-Through the Pennsylvani Department of Education	a 										
	State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	N/A	1,361	1,361	=	-	=	-
	State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	4,382		4,382	4,382		-
	Total State Matching						5,743	1,361	4,382	4,382		-
	Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	N/A	11,386	11,386	-	-	-	-
	Breakfast Program	I	10.553	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	28,612		28,612	28,612		-
	Total CFDA #10.553						39,998	11,386	28,612	28,612		
	Summer Food	1	10.559	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	488,356		590,304	590,304	101,948	
	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	 	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20 07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A N/A	21,534 79,154	21,534 -	- 79,154	- 79,154	- -	- -

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ <u>Ending Dates</u>	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2020	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2021	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture	a _										
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	70,287		70,287	70,287		
Total CFDA #10.555						170,975	21,534	149,441	149,441		
Total U.S. Department of Agricu	ulture					705,072	34,281	772,739	772,739	101,948	
U.S. Department of Health and Social Services											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare	a										
Medical Assistance Program	I	93.778	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	3,877		3,877	3,877		
U.S. Department of Homeland Sec Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency											
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	I	97.036	N/A	03/12/20 - 09/30/22	N/A			68,243	68,243	68,243	
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$ 2,839,893	\$ 1,242,656	\$ 3,915,316	\$ 3,915,316	\$ 2,318,079	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Federal Awards Total State Awards						\$ 2,834,150 5,743	\$ 1,241,295 1,361	\$ 3,910,934 4,382	\$ 3,910,934 4,382	\$ 2,318,079	\$ -
Total Federal Awards and Certain S	tate Grants	5				\$ 2,839,893	\$ 1,242,656	\$ 3,915,316	\$ 3,915,316	\$ 2,318,079	<u> </u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) (C		\$ 621,269	\$ 406,125	\$ 472,934	\$ 472,934	\$ 257,790	<u>\$ -</u>				
Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA's #10.553, #10.555, and #10.559)						\$ 699,329	\$ 32,920	\$ 768,357	\$ 768,357	\$ 101,948	<u>\$ -</u>

Source Codes
D - Direct Funding
I - Indirect Funding

S - State Share

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

June 30, 2021

(1) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

(2) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note 3. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

(3) NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants under CFDA #10.555 National School Lunch Program and passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture represent federal surplus food consumed by the District during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

(4) ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.

(5) QUALIFIED SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION BONDS PROGRAM

The District participates in the Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB") program sponsored by the State Public School Building Authority ("SPSBA"). In conjunction with the QSCB Program, the District receives subsidy reimbursements for a portion of the interest payments made under its loan agreements with the SPSBA. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of QSCB subsidy payments recognized for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$249,995.

(6) INDIRECT COSTS

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. No indirect costs were charged to the District's Federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2021.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2021 There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors Radnor Township School District Wayne, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Radnor Township School District, Wayne, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Radnor Township School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Radnor Township School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Radnor Township School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Radnor Township School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Radnor Township School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 14, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors Radnor Township School District Wayne, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Radnor Township School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Radnor Township School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Radnor Township School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Radnor Township School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Radnor Township School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Radnor Township School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Radnor Township School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Radnor Township School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Radnor Township School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Radnor Township School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 14, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the Radnor Township School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of the Radnor Township School District are reported in the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Radnor Township School District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal award programs are reported in the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Radnor Township School District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary Education - CFDA Number 84.425

Child Nutrition Cluster:

School Breakfast Program – CFDA Number 10.553 National School Lunch Program – CFDA Number 10.555 Summer Food Service Program – CFDA Number 10.559

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Radnor Township School District did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS—MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None